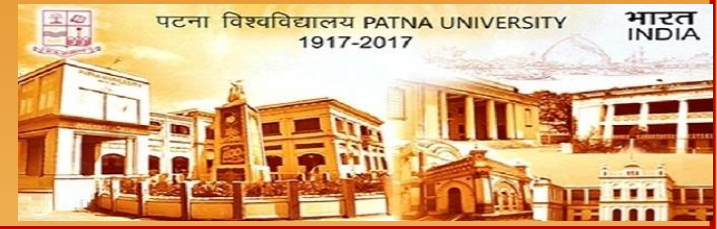




Estd. 1917

पटना विश्वविद्यालय Patna University



Patna University In News (31.01.2023)

निर्देश: विवि और कॉलेजों का नैक मूल्यांकन अनिवार्य

हि हिन्दुस्तान

हि असर

पटना, वरीय संवाददाता। राज्य के सभी विश्वविद्यालयों और कॉलेजों को नैक से अनिवार्य रूप से मूल्यांकन कराना होगा। उच्च शिक्षा की निदेशक प्रो. रेखा कुमारी की ओर से नैक से मूल्यांकन कराने को लेकर सभी विश्वविद्यालय को पत्र भेजा गया है। सभी कुलपतियों को लिखे गए पत्र में जैसे कॉलेज जो अबतक नैक से मूल्यांकन नहीं करा सके हैं, उन्हें इसकी प्रक्रिया पूरी करने के निर्देश दिए गए हैं। इसके साथ ही शिक्षा विभाग की ओर से लगातार नैक मान्यता के लिए

- उच्च शिक्षा निदेशक ने भी विश्वविद्यालय व कॉलेजों को भेजा पत्र
- पीपीयू ने सभी कॉलेजों को 15 दिनों में रजिस्ट्रेशन कराने का दिया निर्देश

कार्यशाला आयोजित कराई जा रही है। सभी विवि में जाकर नोडल अधिकारी कार्यशाला में इस बाबत जानकारी दे रहे हैं। बता दें कि नैक से मान्यता नहीं रहने से कॉलेजों को अनुदान की राशि नहीं मिलती है। दैनिक हिन्दुस्तान लगातार विश्वविद्यालय और कॉलेजों के नैक मूल्यांकन में पीछे रहने की खबर को

कोताही बरतने वाले प्राचार्य पर भी होगी कार्रवाई

राष्ट्रीय मूल्यांकन एवं प्रत्यायन परिषद (नैक) मूल्यांकन को लेकर पीपीयू में अब तेज गति से काम होगा। इसमें कोताही बरतने वाले प्राचार्य पर कार्रवाई भी हो सकती है। कुलपति प्रो. आरके सिंह की अध्यक्षता में सोमवार को विश्वविद्यालय के आईक्यूएसी की बैठक हुई। फरवरी के अंत तक आईक्यूएआर (इंटरनल यवालिटी एसुरेंस रिपोर्ट) को भरने के निर्देश दिए गए। बैठक में विवि के आईक्यूएसी के निदेशक प्रो. एके नाग, नैक के नोडल अधिकारी डॉ. प्रधान दुर्गा शंकर प्रसाद ने भी जरूरी बातें बताईं।

प्रमुखता से प्रकाशित कर रहा था। इसका असर अब दिखने लगा है। शिक्षा विभाग के निर्देश के बाद पाटलिपुत्र विवि ने सभी कॉलेजों को नैक से मूल्यांकन कराने के लिए 15 दिनों के अंदर पोर्टल पर रजिस्ट्रेशन कराने का निर्देश दिया है। सोमवार को कुलपति प्रो. आरके सिंह ने सबसे पहले

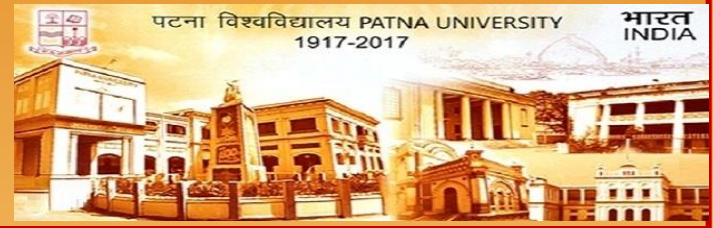
पाटलिपुत्र विवि के अंगीभूत कॉलेजों के जैसे प्रधानाचार्य को निर्देश दिया जो अब तक नैक मूल्यांकन का एक चक्र भी पूरा नहीं कर पाए हैं। ऐसे कॉलेजों की संख्या लगभग 15 है। जैसे कॉलेज भी इसमें शामिल हैं, जिन्हें पहले से नैक से जॉइंटिंग मिली है पर उनका टर्म समाप्त हो गया है। इन कॉलेजों को दोबारा नैक

मूल्यांकन के लिए एसएसआर रिपोर्ट जमा करने का निर्देश दिया गया है। नैक विशेषज्ञ के रूप में कॉलेज ऑफ कॉमर्स, ऑटर्स एंड साइंस के डॉ. संतोष ने नैक की तैयारियों को लेकर जानकारी साझा की। बताया कि नैक मूल्यांकन के लिए कॉलेज से भेजे गए डेटा से 62% अंकों का निर्धारण होता है, वहीं 38% अंकों का निर्धारण नैक की पेयर टीम ऑनलाइन करती है। उधर, पटना विवि के कॉलेज, जो नैक से मूल्यांकन नहीं करा सके हैं, वह भी तैयारी में जुट गए हैं। वाणिज्य महाविद्यालय का दो बार रजिस्ट्रेशन फेल हो चुका है। हालांकि प्राचार्य प्रो. एनके झा ने बताया कि फिर से तैयारी की जा रही है।



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पटना विश्वविद्यालय Patna University



Patna University In News (31.01.2023)

THE TIMES OF INDIA

Only two out of 36 Bihar varsities have NAAC tag

B K Mishra | TNN

Patna: Even as the accreditation of a higher education institution by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) is mandatory for receiving development grants under Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA), most colleges and universities in the state are not accredited today.

There are altogether 36 universities and 940 colleges in the state. But, only two universities, namely Patna University (PU) and Chanakya National Law University (CNLU), are accredited by NAAC at present. While PU is accredited with 'B+' grade, CNLU stands accredited with 'B' grade.

And, of 272 constituent colleges in the state, only 38 are accredited by NAAC. Of these colleges, only two institutions, namely Patna Women's College and St Xaviers' College of Education, are accredited with 'A' grade.

The accreditation of as many as 135 colleges has lapsed after the completion of fi-



Patna University (in photo) and Chanakya National Law University (CNLU) are accredited by NAAC at present. While PU is accredited with 'B+' grade, CNLU stands accredited with 'B' grade

ve years of accreditation in the previous cycle. Their accreditation would remain valid if they upload their self-study report for their re-accreditation in the next cycle by the end of February this year; said Bihar State Higher Education Council (BSHEC)'s academic advisor N K Agrawal.

BSHEC had recently organized a workshop for the institutions of higher education in the state with a view to gear-

ring them for their accreditation by NAAC. The institutions must take necessary steps for improving the quality of education being imparted to the students by strengthening their infrastructure and apply for their accreditation by NAAC, they were told.

It may be mentioned here that the UGC had announced last year that higher education institutions should be accredited with a minimum score of 2.5 (B+ grade) by the year

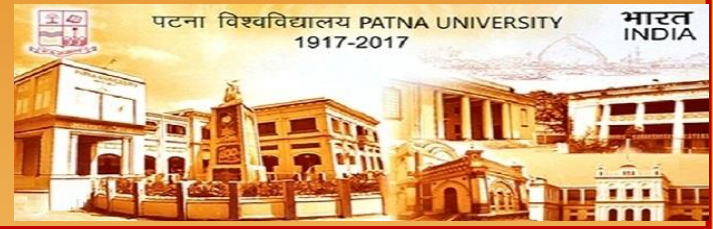
2022. As things stand today, only a handful of institutions in the state are accredited with B+ and higher grade. Even premier institutions like Patna College, Patna Science College, Patna Law College and Gaya College are likely to face a tough time as they have been accredited with less than the mandatory 2.5 score. While Patna College, the oldest institution of higher education in the state, has been accredited with a 'C' grade, Patna Science College and Gaya College have been accredited with a 'B' grade.

The directorate of distance education (DDE) which had been functioning quite effectively in different universities of the state for the past several years has also been closed owing to the changed regulations of the UGC. Now the Distance Education Bureau of the UGC has mandated that the DDE would be allowed to continue only in the universities which are accredited with 'A' grade by NAAC. No university in the state has been accredited with grade 'A' by the NAAC.



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Patna University In News (31.01.2023)

THE TIMES OF INDIA

Univs need to reorient courses, upskill students for green jobs

B K Mishra | TNN

Patna: With the increasing demand for green jobs in different sectors, educational institutions in the state need to reorient their academic programmes to train the students in green skills. Students with green skills are likely to be absorbed in different organizations quickly, say academics.

Most colleges and universities are running stereotyped courses which hardly fetch lucrative jobs for the degree holders. Some institutions have, of late, introduced some modern courses imparting the much-needed green skills, but they need to strengthen and improve their syllabi.

Patna University (PU) botany department teacher and IQAC director Birendra Prasad says that a green job is an employment in any industry that contributes to preserving or restoring environmental quality in that sector and allowing for sustainable development. It includes jobs that help protect ecosystems and biodiversity and reduce energy, materials and water

Most colleges and universities are running stereotyped courses which hardly fetch lucrative jobs for degree holders. Some institutions have introduced modern courses imparting the much-needed green skills, but they need to strengthen their syllabi

consumption through high efficiency strategies. Green jobs can be in any sector, such as agriculture, manufacturing, research and development activities, etc., he says.

Skills specially needed for green jobs can be categorized as:

Engineering and technical skills: Hard skills encompassing competencies involved with the design, construction and assessment of technology usually mastered by engineers and technicians. This know-how is needed for eco-buildings, renewable energy design and energy-saving research and development (R&D) projects.

Science skills: Competencies stemming from bodies of knowledge broad in scope and essential to innovation activities, for example physics and biology. These skills are especially in high

demand in each stage of value chains and in the utility sector, which provides basic amenities such as water, sewage services and electricity.

Operation management skills: Know-how related to change in organizational structure required to support green activities and an integrated view of the firm through life-cycle management. Such skills are important, for example, for sales engineers, climate change analysts, sustainability specialists, chief sustainability officers and transportation planners.

Monitoringskills: Technical and legal aspects of business activities that are fundamentally different from the ambit of engineering or of science. They refer to skills required to assess the observance of technical criteria and legal standards. Ex-

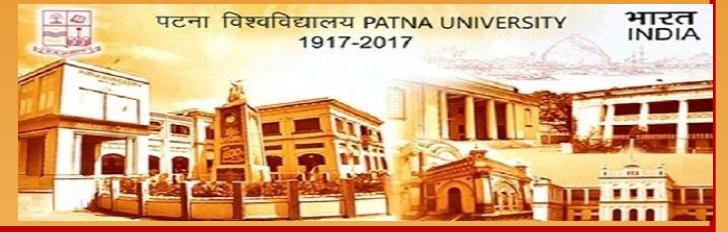
amples are environmental compliance inspectors, nuclear monitoring technicians, emergency management directors and legal assistants.

Former head of PU geology department, Ramesh Shukla, points out that renewable energy, waste management and green transport majorly contribute to green jobs, with renewable energy expected to generate more than 3.3 lakh jobs in the next few years. A large number of people are needed in roof-top solar power generation, manufacturing of solar panel modules, inverters and converters and end-use components of LED bulbs and energy-efficient pumps. Green fuel and electric vehicles are the next-gen solutions to downsize vehicle emissions and one of the fastest growing markets in India that have already created a huge demand for job seekers, mainly in the space of design, data systems, battery and software. India's net-zero goal will need 50 million jobs and for this the youths should be properly trained, he adds.



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Patna University In News (31.01.2023)

दैनिक भास्कर

यूजी, पीजी बीएड के चौथे सेमेस्टर की परीक्षा 17 फरवरी से होगी शुरू

पटना | पटना वीमेंस कॉलेज में यूजी, पीजी और बीएड के चौथे सेमेस्टर की परीक्षा 17 फरवरी से शुरू होगी। सुबह 10 से 11 बजे तक परीक्षा होगी। यह परीक्षा 17 फरवरी के बाद 20, 21, 22 और 23 फरवरी तक चलेगी।